

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 23-Jun-2011 Revision Date 25-Sep-2013 Version 1

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name Smart Strip

Other Means of Identification

SDS # DCI-039

Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on Use

Recommended Use Paint remover.

Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Supplier Address Dumond Chemicals, Inc. 83 General Warren Blvd Suite 190 Malvern. PA 19355

Emergency Telephone Number

Company Phone Number 1-609-655-7700

Emergency Telephone INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International)

1-800-535-5053 (North America)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Appearance White viscous liquid Physical State Liquid Odor Faint aromatic odor

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

May be harmful if swallowed May be harmful in contact with skin

Other Hazards

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Toxic to aquatic life

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Water	7732-18-5	40-60

Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	30-50
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	1-5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Get medical attention if

necessary.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention if necessary.

Ingestion If conscious give 2 glasses of water to dilute. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything

by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if necessary.

Skin Contact Wash thoroughly with soap and water until no traces of the chemical remain. Remove

contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms May cause skin and eye irritation. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. Mists and

vapors cause irritation of the eyes, mucous membranes, and upper respiratory tract.

Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Note to Physicians Treat symptomatically. Individuals with chronic respiratory or skin diseases may be at risk

from exposure.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray (fog). Foam. Dry chemical or CO2.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Decomposition may be hazardous. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air in confined areas. Sealed containers may rupture when heated. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Personal PrecautionsUse personal protective equipment as required.

Environmental Precautions Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water. See Section 12 for

additional ecological information.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Remove all sources of ignition. Dike spill

and prevent spill from entering sewers and waterways. Collect using an inert absorbent

material and place in appropriate containers for disposal.

Methods for Cleaning UpKeep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Wash spill area with plenty of water. Spills and releases may have to be reported to Federal and/or local authorities. See section 15.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Protect container from physical damage. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly after handling before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities. Since empty container retains residue, follow all label

warnings even after container is empty.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from

oxidizers and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials Strong acids. Bases. Reducing agent. Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	TWA: 10 mg/m³	TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust (vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m³ total dust	IDLH: 5000 mg/m³

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Engineering Controls For operations where contact can occur, a safety shower and an eye wash facility should

be available. Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below

airborne exposure limits.

Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection Chemical safety goggles/faceshield. Do not wear contact lenses.

Skin and Body ProtectionWear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls,

as appropriate, to prevent skin contact. Butyl rubber or other impervious gloves are

required.

Respiratory Protection If occupational exposure limits are exceeded, use NIOSH approved respirator with organic

vapor cartridges and dust/mist pre-filter. For higher concentrations (greater than10 times the recommended exposure limit) an approved supplied air respirator (with escape bottle if required) or self– contained breathing apparatus may be required. Selection of respiratory protection depends on the contaminant type, form, and concentration. Select in accordance

with OSHA 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Liquid

AppearanceWhite viscous liquidOdorFaint aromatic odorColorWhiteOdor thresholdNot determined

Property Values Remarks • Method

pH 6

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Melting point/freezing point} & -15 \ ^{\circ}\mbox{C} \ / \ 5 \ ^{\circ}\mbox{F} \\ \mbox{Boiling point/boiling range} & 96 \ ^{\circ}\mbox{C} \ / \ 205 \ ^{\circ}\mbox{F} \\ \end{array}$

Flash point None Evaporation rate < 1

Flammability (solid, gas) Not determined

Flammability limits in air

Upper flammability limits
Lower flammability limit
Not available
Vapor pressure
0.1 mmHg

 Vapor pressure
 0.1 mmHg
 @ 30 °C

 Vapor density
 3-4
 (Air=1)

Specific gravity 10.54 lbs/gal Water solubility Partially soluble Solubility in other solvents Not determined Not available **Partition coefficient** Not available **Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature** Not determined Not determined Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity Not determined **Explosive properties** Not determined **Oxidizing Properties** Not determined

Other Information

VOC Content (%) 0% VOC Content 0 lbs/gal

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to Avoid

Keep out of reach of children.

Incompatible Materials

Strong acids. Bases. Reducing agent. Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrogen oxides (NOx). May oxidize with air to form benzaldehyde and benzoic acid.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Eye Contact Avoid contact with eyes.

Skin Contact May be harmful in contact with skin.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Water	> 90 mL/kg (Rat)	-	-
7732-18-5			
Benzyl alcohol	= 1230 mg/kg (Rat)	= 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 8.8 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
100-51-6			
Titanium dioxide	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
13463-67-7			

Information on Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Effects

Symptoms May cause skin and eye irritation. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. Mists and

vapors cause irritation of the eyes, mucous membranes, and upper respiratory tract.

Delayed and Immediate Effects as well as Chronic Effects from Short and Long-term Exposure

Carcinogenicity Titanium dioxide is a possible carcinogen when it appears as a respirable dust.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Titanium dioxide		Group 2B		X
13463-67-7				

Chronic toxicity Individuals with chronic respiratory or skin diseases may be at risk from exposure.

Numerical Measures of Toxicity- Product

Not determined

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

ATEmix (oral) 3047 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) 5000 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-gas) 1750 mg/l
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 0.1 mg/l

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Benzyl alcohol 100-51-6	35: 3 h Anabaena variabilis mg/L EC50	460: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 10: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static	EC50 = 50 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 63.7 mg/L 15 min EC50 = 63.7 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 71.4 mg/L 30 min	23: 48 h water flea mg/L EC50

Persistence and Degradability

Material is readily biodegradable.

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Bioaccumulation

The product has low potential for bioaccumulation.

Mobility

Not determined.

Chemical Name	Partition coefficient
Benzyl alcohol 100-51-6	1.1

Other Adverse Effects Not determined

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including

exemptions and special circumstances

DOT Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

IMDG Not regulated

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Listed **DSL** Listed

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances IECSC

- China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL -

Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard Yes **Chronic Health Hazard** Yes Fire hazard No Sudden release of pressure hazard No **Reactive Hazard** No

US State Regulations

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65	
Titanium dioxide - 13463-67-7	Carcinogen	

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Benzyl alcohol 100-51-6		X	Х
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	X	X	Х

U.S. EPA Label Information

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA	Health Hazards	Flammability	Instability	Special Hazards
	2	1	0	Not determined
<u>HMIS</u>	Health Hazards	Flammability	Physical Hazards	Personal Protection
	Not determined	Not determined	Not determined	Not determined

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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet