Attalo

Charles

Flick

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FSSF00002AF - FOR CUSTOMER DISTRIBUTION

Mar 19, 2003

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION AND USE							
Product:	Molicel	- Manganese	P.I.N.: Not Regulated				
Use:	High p battery	erformance system,	lithlum-ion	rechargeable	M has a second		
Manufacturer: FAX:		E-One Moli E Canada) Lim 10,000 Stewa Iaple Ridge, Canada V2X 1504) 466-665	nited art Cres. BC, 9E7		MERGENCY NUMBER 466-6654 (MOLI)		

## SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Ingredients	%	CAS Number	LD₅₀(mg/kg) (oral-rat)	LC <sub>50</sub> (mg/L)
Aluminium foil	0.1- 1 w/w	7429-90-5	N/AV	N/AV
Blphenyl (BP)	0.1-0.3 w/v	92-52-4	2400	N/AV
Copper foil	0.1- 1 w/w	7440-50-8	3.5 (lpr-mouse)	N/AV
Linear and Cyclic Carbonate Solvents (See 'Other Information')	5- 17w/w	N/APP	~11000 (weighted avg)	N/AV
Graphite, powder	10- 30 w/w	7440-44-0	440 (ivn-mouse)	N/AV
Lithium Manganite (Spinel) (LiMn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> )	10- 30 w/w	12057-17-9	>5000	N/AV
Lithium Hexaflurophosphate (LiPF <sub>6</sub> )	1- 5 w/w	21324-40-3	1702	Rat: >20
Poly (vinylidene fluoride) (PVDF)	0.1- 1 w/w	24937-79-9	N/AV	N/AV
Steel, nickel and inert polymer	Balance	N/APP	N/APP	N/APP

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### SPINEL CELL

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SECTION 4 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA  Flammability NO Conditions: Organic components will burn if cell incinerated. Combustion of ce contents will cause evolution of Hydrogen Fluoride.  Means of Extinction and Special Procedures: Water spray, Carbon Dioxide, Dry chemical powder or appropriate foam. Use agen appropriate for surrounding materials. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Extremely corrosive Hydrogen Fluoride gas is produced upor combustion of cell contents.  Flashpoint: NONE  Auto-Ignition Temp: NONE  Auto-Ignition Temp: NONE  Hazardous Combustion Products: Hydrogen Fluoride, Phosphorus Oxides, Carbon Monoxide, Garbon Dioxide, Lithium Hydroxide, Manganese Oxides, Aluminium Oxide possible fluoro-compounds, Carbon soot  Static Discharge Sensitive: NO, but cell may contain up to 4.2 volts.  SECTION 5 - REACTIVITY DATA  Stability: STABLE  Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Spontaneous decomposition at normal temperatures will not occur. Spontaneous decomposition products: Hydrogen Fluoride, Phosphorus Oxides, Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, Lithium Hydroxide, Manganese Oxides, Aluminium Oxide, possible fluoro-compounds, Carbon										
Nickel plated metal canister under label  Vapour peasure (mmHg)			SE(	CTION	3 - PHYSICAL DATA	<u> </u>				
N/APP N/APP N/APP N/APP N/APP N/APP N/APP  PH (10% In water) N/APP 1.5-2.0	Nickel plated metal canister			1						
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170	Hydrogen Fluor Hydroxide, Man	ide,	Phosphorus	Oxide Alumir	es, Carbon Monoxide, ium Oxide, possible fl	, Carboi uoro-co	n Diox mpou	ride, Lithjum nds, Carbon		

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SECTION 6 - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES										
Routes of Entry: Skin Contact: N	O Skin	Absorption	NO i	Eya co	ntact:	NO	Inhalation	NO	Ingestion	NO
Acute Exposure								·	<u> </u>	
Skin: .	No effe	ct notice	ed in rou	ıtine	han	dling o	f produc	t.		
The bulk solid has no effect on the eye.										
Inhalation:	Inhalation: Not applicable.									
Ingestion:	Ingestion: Ingestion is not likely, given the physical size and state of the cell.								cell.	
Chronic Exposure										
Skin:	None a	nticipate	d.							
Eyes;	Not app	olicable.								
Inhalation:	Not app	olicable.								
Ingestion:	Ingestic	on is not	a likely	expo	osure	e route				
Exposure Limits None listed		imtancy: None				dization: t anticij	pated		ogenicity anticipat	ed
Teratogenicity: Mutagenicity: Not anticipated Not anticipated.										
Reproductive toxicity:  Not anticipated  Synergistic Products:  None expected										
		SECTION	ON 7- P	REV	ENT	IVE M	EASURE	ES		
Personal protective	equipment:			********					,	
Respirator: Not required for handling individual cells. Fabric gloves for warehouse container handling.  Respirator: No respirator required for normal handling. SCBA required for fires.  Syewear: Not required be employer policy.						-				
Clothing: Standard industrial clothing in normal use. Impervious suit in fires.  Footwear: Wear steel-toed footwear if large containers of cells are being handled.						containers				
Engineering control Keep away fi	•	and ope	en flame	s. S	tore	in a co	ol, dry p	lace.		
Leak and spill proce Evacuate are Using gloves and place in Cardboard bo	a if fire p , pick up closed :	or swee metal co	p up fire ontainer	e-dar s. 20	nage )5 Li	ed cells tre line	s, bag ind ed steel	dividu drum	ally in pla s are ap	astic bags propriate.

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Transport container outdoors. Hold burned cells and fire cleanup solids for disposal as potential hazardous waste. Unburned cells are not hazardous waste.

A fire with over 100 kg of cells burnt will likely require reporting to environment officials. Always consult and obey all international, federal and local environmental laws.

Waste disposal:

Always consult and obey all international, federal, provincial/state and local hazardous waste disposal laws. Some jurisdictions require recycling of this spent product.

Handling procedures and equipment:

Store in a cool, dry place away from sparks and flame. Keep below 125°C. Keep above -60°C. Charge between 0°C and 45°C. Use only approved charging equipment. Do not disassemble battery or battery pack. Do not puncture, crush or dispose of in fire.

Storage requirements:

Store at room temperature for best results.

Special Shipping Information:

Not regulated. This product is made from materials with no detectable mercury.

Equivalent lithium content

as per Section 38.3.2 of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria (ST/SG/AC.10/11/27 Add. 2): Equivalent grams of lithium is equal to 0.3 times the rated Amp-hour capacity of the individual cell, regardless of cell size.

1.8 Ah =  $0.54 \text{ g} \ \tilde{2.0}$  Ah =  $0.60 \text{ g} \ 2.2$  Ah =  $0.66 \text{ g} \ 2.4$  Ah = 0.72 g

# Skin: Not a health hazard. Eyes: Not an eye hazard Inhalation: Not an inhalation hazard. Ingestion: If swallowed, seek emergency medical aid. If patient choking and can partially breathe, encourage patient to cough. Do not strike patient's back. This may lodge cell further in throat. If patient is not breathing, perform standing Heimlich manoeuvre until object is dislodged or patient becomes unconscious. An unconscious patient should be lowered gently to the floor on their back and abdominal thrusts performed continuously until cell is ejected from throat or medical aid arrives.

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Prepared by: Martin RIDGWAY, B.Sc. Safety Co-ordinator	Phone: (604) 466-6654	Date Created: March 1, 1998	Revision Information: First Issue		
		Date Last Revised: July 31, 1998	Revision Information: Assign document control number Company name change.		
		Dale Last Revised; June 27, 2000	Revision Information: Company name change.		
		Dato Last Revised: Jan 23, 2001	Revision information: Shipping: Contains no mercury.		
		Date Lest Revised: May 1, 2001	Revision Information: Incompatibilities — Do not heat over 100C (to match UL warning statement)		
		Date Last Revised; Mar 19, 2003	Revision Information: Shipping Information — Added equivalent lithium content information Decomposition Products — Removed Boron Oxide		

#### OTHER INFORMATION

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all-inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. Exact composition information is immediately available on a confidential basis to medical professionals treating exposure to cell components or combustion by-products.

## HYDROFLUORIC ACID EXPOSURE DURING FIRE FIGHTING

This information is given for the use of professional fire fighters responding to a warehouse fire where fire from other materials may incinerate Molicels. This section is provided solely in case of exposure, during fire fighting, to the combustion by-products. Hydrofluoric acid is not present in the product. Contact with Molicels causes none of the following symptoms.

Hydrofluoric acid is extremely corrosive. Contact with hydrogen fluoride fumes is to be avoided. Permissible exposure limit is 3 ppm. In case of contact with hydrogen fluoride fumes, immediately leave the area and seek first aid <u>and</u> emergency medical attention. Symptoms may have delayed onset. Fluoride ions penetrate skin readily causing destruction of deep tissue layers and even bone. Fluoride interferes with nerve impulse conduction causing severe pain or absence of sensations. Immediately flush eyes or skin with water

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for at least 20 minutes to neutralize the acidity and remove some fluoride. Remove and destroy all contaminated clothing and permeable personal possessions. Before re-use, impermeable possessions should be soaked in benzalkonium chloride after water washing. Following flushing of the affected areas, an iced aqueous solution of benzalkonium chloride or 2.5 % calcium gluconate gel should be applied to react with the fluoride ion. Compresses and wraps may be used for areas where immersion is not practical. Medicated dressing should be changed every 2 minutes. Exposure to hydrofluoric acid fumes sufficient to cause pain requires immediate hospitalization for monitoring for pulmonary edema.