

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

(ANSI Section 3)

**Primary route(s) of exposure:** Inhalation, skin contact, eye contact, ingestion.

**Effects of overexposure:** 

**Inhalation:** Irritation of respiratory tract. Prolonged inhalation may lead to mucous membrane irritation, fatigue, dizziness and/or lightheadedness, headache, nausea, chest pain, coughing, central nervous system depression, difficulty of breathing, severe lung irritation or damage,

Skin contact: Irritation of skin. Prolonged or repeated contact can cause dermatitis.

Eye contact: Irritation of eyes. Prolonged or repeated contact can cause conjunctivitis, tearing of eves, redness of eves.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause mouth and throat irritation, dizziness and/or lightheadedness, headache, nausea, vomiting, gastro-intestinal disturbances, abdominal pain, intoxication.

Medical conditions aggravated by exposure: Eye, skin, respiratory disorders, asthma-like conditions, kidney disorders.

#### FIRST-AID MEASURES

(ANSI Section 4)

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. Restore and support continued breathing. Get emergency medical attention. Have trained person give oxygen if necessary. Get medical help for any breathing difficulty. Remove to fresh air if inhalation causes eye watering, headaches, dizziness, or other discomfort.

Skin contact: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If any product remains, gently rub petroleum jelly, vegetable or mineral/baby oil onto skin. Repeated applications may be needed. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Eye contact: Flush immediately with large amounts of water, especially under lids for at least 15 minutes. If irritation or other effects persist, obtain medical treatment.

Ingestion: If swallowed, obtain medical treatment immediately.

#### FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

(ANSI Section 5)

Fire extinguishing media: Dry chemical or foam water fog. Carbon dioxide. Closed containers may burst if exposed to extreme heat or fire. May decompose under fire conditions emitting irritant and/or toxic gases.

Fire fighting procedures: Water may be used to cool and protect exposed containers. Firefighters should use full protective clothing, eye protection, and self-contained breathing apparatus. Selfcontained breathing apparatus recommended.

Hazardous decomposition or combustion products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen chloride, toxic gases, acrylic monomers. Cyanides.

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

(ANSI Section 6)

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled: Comply with all applicable health and environmental regulations. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Spills may be collected with absorbent materials. Place collected material in proper container. Contains a chemical that is toxic to fish. Spilled material is extremely slippery. Complete personal protective equipment must be used during cleanup. Large spills - shut off leak if safe to do so. Dike and contain spill. Pump to

storage or salvage vessels. Use absorbent to pick up excess residue. Keep salvageable material and rinse water out of sewers and water courses. Small spills - use absorbent to pick up residue and dispose of properly.

#### HANDLING AND STORAGE

(ANSI Section 7)

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**Handling and storage:** Store below 100f (38c). Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep from freezing. Keep container tightly closed in a well-ventilated area.

Other precautions: Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not take internally. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with skin and eyes, and breathing of vapors. Wash hands thoroughly after handling, especially before eating or smoking. Keep containers tightly closed and upright when not in use. Avoid conditions which result in formation of inhalable particles such as spraying or abrading (sanding) painted surfaces. If such conditions cannot be avoided, use appropriate respiratory protection as directed under exposure controls/personal protection. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues.

#### EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (ANSI Section 8)

**Respiratory protection:** Control environmental concentrations below applicable exposure standards when using this material. When respiratory protection is determined to be necessary, use a NIOSH/MSHA (Canadian z94.4) Approved elastomeric sealing- surface facepiece respirator outfitted with organic vapor cartridges and paint spray (dust/mist) prefilters. Determine the proper level of protection by conducting appropriate air monitoring. Consult 29CFR1910.134 For selection of respirators (Canadian z94.4).

**Ventilation:** Provide dilution ventilation or local exhaust to prevent build-up of vapors.

Personal protective equipment: Eye wash, safety shower, safety glasses or goggles. Impervious gloves, impervious clothing.

#### STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

(ANSI Section 10)

**Under normal conditions:** Stable see section 5 fire fighting measures

Materials to avoid: Oxidizers, acids, reducing agents, halogens, combustible materials.

Conditions to avoid: Elevated temperatures, contact with oxidizing agent, freezing, sparks, open

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur

#### TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

(ANSI Section 11)

**Supplemental health information:** Contains a chemical that may be absorbed through skin. Excessive inhalation of fumes may lead to metal fume fever characterized by a metallic taste in mouth, excessive thirst, coughing, weakness, fatigue, muscular pain, nausea, chills and fever. Notice - reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal. Contains iron oxide, repeated or prolonged exposure to iron oxide dust may cause siderosis, a benign pneumoconiosis. Other effects of overexposure may include toxicity to liver, kidney, lungs, blood.

Carcinogenicity: In 2-year feed studies of c.I. Pigment red 3, there was some evidence of carcinogenic activity in male rats (adrenal gland - benign pheochromocytomas) and female rats (hepatocellular adenomas). There was also some evidence of carcinogenic activity in male mice (adenomas of renal cortex and thyroid gland), but no evidence in female mice. The international agency for research on cancer (IARC) has classified carbon black as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2b) based on sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate evidence in humans. In a lifetime inhalation study, exposure to 250 mg/m3 titanium dioxide resulted in the development of lung tumors in rats. These tumors occurred only at dust levels that overwhelmed the animals' lung clearance mechanisms and were different from common human lung tumors in both type and location. The relevance of these findings to humans is unknown but questionable. The international agency for research on cancer (IARC) has classified titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2b) based on inadequate evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals.

**Reproductive effects:** No reproductive effects are anticipated

**Mutagenicity:** No mutagenic effects are anticipated **Teratogenicity:** No teratogenic effects are anticipated

#### **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

(ANSI Section 12)

No ecological testing has been done by ICI paints on this product as a whole.

#### DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

(ANSI Section 13)

Waste disposal: Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Avoid discharge to natural waters.

#### **REGULATORY INFORMATION**

(ANSI Section 15)

As of the date of this MSDS, all of the components in this product are listed (or are otherwise exempt from listing) on the TSCA inventory. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR (controlled products regulations) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

## **Physical Data**

### (ANSI Sections 1, 9, and 14)

Product Code	Description		VOC gr. / ltr.	% Volatile by Volume	Flash Point	Boiling Range	HMIS	DOT, proper shipping name					
2402-0100	dulux pro exterior 100% acrylic satin finish white	10.77	98.83	67.08	none	212-453	310	paint ** protect from freezing **					
2402-0110	dulux pro exterior 100% acrylic satin finish white tint base	10.83	98.26	66.82	none	212-453	310	paint ** protect from freezing **					
2402-0120	dulux professional exterior satin finish 100% acrylic latex - pure brilliant white	10.83	98.26	66.82	none	212-453	310	paint ** protect from freezing **					
2402-0300	dulux pro exterior 100% acrylic satin finish intermediate tint base	10.17	98.74	65.13	none	212-453	310	paint ** protect from freezing **					
2402-0400	dulux pro exterior 100% acrylic satin finish deep tint base	9.62	98.38	65.40	none	212-453	310	paint ** protect from freezing **					
2402-1000	dulux professional exterior satin finish 100% acrylic latex, white-high hiding	10.68	100.06	67.60	none	212-453	310	paint ** protect from freezing **					
2402-1280	decra-shield exterior acrylic satin- ultra white	11.02	1.07	63.35	none	212-212	110	paint					
2402-7110	exterior 100% acrylic satin finish artison brown	9.83	97.54	65.00	none	212-453	310	paint ** protect from freezing **					
2402-8050	exterior 100% acrylic satin finish crimson red	9.47	99.94	63.73	none	149-453	310	paint ** protect from freezing **					
2402-8120	exterior 100% acrylic satin finish green bank	9.81	98.38	63.61	none	212-453	310	paint ** protect from freezing **					
2402-8140	exterior 100% acrylic satin finish classic liberty red	10.27	99.70	64.50	none	212-453	310	paint ** protect from freezing **					
2402-8370	exterior 100% acrylic satin finish stewart house brown	9.74	101.74	65.78	none	212-453	310	paint ** protect from freezing **					
2402-9990	exterior 100% acrylic satin finish black	9.51	100.42	65.44	none	212-453	310	paint ** protect from freezing **					

# **Ingredients**

## **Product Codes with % by Weight (ANSI Section 2)**

Chemical Name	Common Name	CAS. No.	2402-0100	2402 0440	2402-0120	2402 0200	2402-0400	2402 4000	2402-1280	2402 7110	2402-8050	2402-8120	2402-8140	2402 9270	2402-9990
									2402-1200						
ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-	diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	112-34-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5		1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5
hydrated magnesium aluminum silicate	thickener	12174-11-7	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5	1-5						1-5	
zinc oxide	zinc oxide	1314-13-2							5-10						
c.i. pigment green 7	phthalo green pigment	1328-53-6										1-5			
iron oxide	iron oxide	1332-37-2								1-5			5-10	1-5	
carbon black	carbon black	1333-86-4								.1-1.0				.1-1.0	.1-1.0
titanium oxide	titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10-20	10-20	10-20	5-10	1-5	10-20	10-20	1-5					
2-naphthalenol, 1-((4-methyl-2-nitrophenyl)azo)-	pigment red 3	2425-85-6									5-10				
poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)a-hydro- w-hydroxy-	polyethylene glycol	25322-68-3							1-5						
nepheline syenite	feldspar-type minerals	37244-96-5	5-10	5-10	5-10	10-20	10-20	10-20	1-5	10-20	10-20	10-20	10-20	10-20	10-20
c.i. pigment yellow 42	yellow iron oxide	51274-00-1								1-5		1-5		1-5	
ceramic materials and wares, chemicals	calcined kaolin clay	66402-68-4							1-5						
water	water	7732-18-5	40-50	40-50	40-50	40-50	50-60	40-50	40-50	50-60	50-60	40-50	40-50	50-60	50-60
acrylic resin	acrylic resin	Sup. Conf.	10-20	10-20	10-20	20-30	20-30	10-20	10-20	20-30	20-30	20-30	20-30	20-30	20-30

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# **Chemical Hazard Data**

## (ANSI Sections 2, 8, 11, and 15)

		ACGIH-TLV					S.R.	63	S3	22								
Common Name	CAS. No.	8-Hour TWA	STEL	С	S	8-Hour TWA	STEL	С	S	Std.	32	33	· ·	Н	М	N	T	0
diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	112-34-5	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	У	n	у	n	n	n	n
thickener	12174-11-7	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
zinc oxide	1314-13-2	2 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	5 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	У	n	n	n	n	n	n
phthalo green pigment	1328-53-6	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
iron oxide	1332-37-2	5 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
carbon black	1333-86-4	3.5 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	3.5 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	У	n
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	у	У	n
pigment red 3	2425-85-6	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	15 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
polyethylene glycol	25322-68-3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
feldspar-type minerals	37244-96-5	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
yellow iron oxide	51274-00-1	5 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
calcined kaolin clay	66402-68-4	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n

#### Footnotes:

C=Ceiling - Concentration that should not be exceeded, even instantaneously.

S=Skin - Additional exposure, over and above airborn exposure, may result from skin absorption. n/a=not applicable not est=not established CC=CERCLA Chemical ppm=parts per million mg/m3=milligrams per cubic meter Sup Conf=Supplier Confidential S2=Sara Section 302 EHS S3=Sara Section 313 Chemical S.R.Std.=Supplier Recommended Standard H=Hazardous Air Pollutant, M=Marine Pollutant P=Pollutant, S=Severe Pollutant Carcinogenicity Listed By: N=NTP, I=IARC, O=OSHA, y=yes, n=no

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