Safety Data Sheet

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1. Identification			
Product Name:	STRUST QT 2PK SATN DOORPAINT VERMONT GRN	Revision Date:	5/15/2015
Product Identifier:	238316	Supercedes Date:	4/15/2015
Product Use/Class:	Door Paint/ Alkyd		
Supplier:	Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA	Manufacturer:	Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA
Preparer:	Regulatory Department		
Emergency Telephone:	24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700		

2. Hazard Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Harmful if swallowed. Causes eye irritation. Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes nose and throat irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea. Vapor Harmful. Causes Eye, Skin, Nose, and Throat Irritation. May cause eye, skin, or respiratory tract irritation. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Harmful if inhaled. Use ventilation necessary to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits, if any.

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Danger

Possible Hazards 49% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Flammable Liquid, category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Acute Toxicity, Oral, category 5	H303	May be harmful if swallowed.
Acute Toxicity, Dermal, category 5	H313	May be harmful in contact with skin.
Skin Irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
STOT, single exposure, category 3, RTI	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Organic Peroxide, categories C, D	H242	Heating may cause a fire.
Aspiration Hazard, category 2	H305	May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.
Eye Irritation, category 2B	H320	Causes eye irritation.

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Germ Cell Mutagenicity, category 1B	H340	May cause genetic defects. Classified as mutagenic Category 1 if one ingredient is present at or above 0.1%. Applies to liquids, solids (w/w units) and gases (v/v). The substance may also have its own exposure limit. Routes of exposure are dependent on ingredient form.
Carcinogenicity, category 1B	H350	May cause cancer. Classified as carcinogenic Category 1 on the basis of epidemiological and/or animal data. Mixtures are classified as carcinogenic when at least 1 ingredient has been classified as carcinogenic and is present at 0.1% or above Routes of exposure are dependent on ingredient form.
GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY		
STATEMENTS		
P102	Keep out o	f reach of children.
P103	Read label	before use.
P234	Keep only i	in original container.
P260	Do not brea	athe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P262	Do not get	in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
P264	Wash tho	proughly after handling.
P271	Use only o	utdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid relea	ase to the environment.
P280	Wear prote	ctive gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P281	Use persor	nal protective equipment as required.
P285		nadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
P312		SON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P374	•	ith normal precautions from a reasonable distance.
P402	Store in a c	
P210	Keep away	from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
P403+P235		vell-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P362		ntaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P305+P351+P338		Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if deasy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritat	tion persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P403+P233	Store in a v	vell-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P201	Obtain spe	cial instructions before use.
P308+P313	-	or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P350	Gently was	h with plenty of soap and water.
P302+P352	•	V: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

<u>Chemical Name</u>	CAS-No.	<u>Wt.%</u> Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	10-25	GHS02-GHS07	H225-336
Limestone	1317-65-3	10-25		
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	10-25	GHS08	H340-350
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-335-332-315-319
Acrylic Polymer	Proprietary	2.5-10		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H226-335
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	1.0-2.5		
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H226-312-332-315
Diethylbenzene, Mixed Isomers	25340-17-4	1.0-2.5	GHS02	H226
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1.0	GHS02	H251
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1-1.0	GHS02-GHS07	H225-332
Additive (Surfactant/Defoamer/Drier/Rheology Modifer)	Proprietary	0.1-1.0		

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "16. Other Information" section.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Keep containers tightly closed.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Eliminate all ignition sources; use explosion-proof equipment. Place material in a container and dispose of according to local, provincial, state and federal regulations. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials. Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Avoid excess heat. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class II combustible liquids.

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	20.0	150 ppm	200 ppm	150 ppm	N.E.
Limestone	1317-65-3	15.0	15 mg/m3 (Total Dust, OSHA)	N.E.	5 mg/m3 (Respirable Dust)	N.E.
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	15.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	10.0	25 ppm (NIOSH REL)	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Acrylic Polymer	Proprietary	10.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	5.0	25 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	5.0	10 mg/m3 (Total Dust)	N.E.	15 mg/m3 [Total Dust]	N.E.
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	5.0	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Diethylbenzene, Mixed Isomers	25340-17-4	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m3 (Inhalable Dust)	N.E.	3.5 mg/m3	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0	20 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Additive (Surfactant/Defoamer/ Drier/Rheology Modifer)	Proprietary	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or in any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection. Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Liquid	Physical State:	Liquid
Odor:	Mild	Odor Threshold:	N.E.
Relative Density:	1.123	pH:	N.E.
Freeze Point, °C:	N.D.	Viscosity:	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	Slight	Partition Coefficient, n-	
Decompostion Temp., °C:	No Information	octanol/water:	No Information
Boiling Range, °C:	0 - 390	Explosive Limits, vol%:	0.7 - 10.7
Flammability:	Does not Support Combustion	Flash Point, °C:	>94
Evaporation Rate:	Slower than Ether	Auto-ignition Temp., °C:	No Information
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air	Vapor Pressure:	N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid temperatures above 120 ° F. Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation. Causes skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. May cause headaches and dizziness. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood

Date Printed: 5/15/2015

damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Oral LD50</u>	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	N.I.	>17600 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	N.I.	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3280 mg/kg Rat	>3160 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	4300 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	47635 mg/L Rat
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15354 mg/kg Rabbit	17.2 mg/L Rat

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>TDG (Canada)</u>
UN Number:	N.A.	1263	1263	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Paint	Paint	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
Hazard Class:	N.A.	3	3	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	II	II	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6
Acrylic Polymer	Proprietary
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4
Additive (Surfactant/Defoamer/Drier/Rheology Modifer)	Proprietary

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

WARNING: This product contains a substance known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7
Carbon Black	1333-86-4
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4
Crystalline Silica / Quartz	14808-60-7
Benzene	71-43-2
hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 REPRODUCTIVE TOXINS

WARNING: This product contains a substance known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Chemical Name	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Toluene	108-88-3
Benzene	71-43-2
hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1

International Regulations:

CANADIAN WHMIS:

This SDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

Page 7 / 7

16. Other Information

HMIS RA [:] Health:	TINGS 2*	Flammability:	3	Physical Hazard:	0	Personal Protection:	х
CANADIA	N WH	MIS CLASS:	B2 D2A D2B				
NFPA RA Health:	TINGS 2	; Flammability:	3	Instability	0		
VOLATILE			NDS, g/L:	481			
MSDS RE	VISION	DATE:	5/15/2015				
REASON	FOR RI	EVISION:	No Information				

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H251	Self-heating: may catch fire.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H340	May cause genetic defects <state cause="" conclusively="" exposure="" hazard="" if="" is="" it="" no="" of="" other="" proven="" route="" routes="" that="" the="">.</state>
H350	May cause cancer <state cause="" conclusively="" exposure="" hazard="" if="" is="" it="" no="" of="" other="" proven="" route="" routes="" that="" the="">.</state>

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:



Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.