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# Safety Data Sheet



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## 1. Identification

Product Name: AUTORF +SSPR 6PK RUST REFORMER

10.25oz

Revision Date:

5/18/2015

Product Identifier: 248658

Supercedes Date:

5/15/2015

Product Use/Class: Topcoat/ Aerosol

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Corporation

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

Manufacturer:

Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

Preparer: Regulatory Department

**Emergency Telephone:** 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

## 2. Hazard Identification

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:** Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Harmful if inhaled. May affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea. Contents Under Pressure. May cause eye, skin, or respiratory tract irritation. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Causes eye irritation. Use ventilation necessary to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits, if any. Vapor Harmful. Causes Eye, Skin, Nose, and Throat Irritation.

May be harmful in contact with skin.

#### Classification

## Symbol(s) of Product







Signal Word Danger

## Possible Hazards

75% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity

## **GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS**

Acute Toxicity, Dermal, category 5

Flammable Aerosol, category 1 H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
Flammable Liquid, category 1 H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute Toxicity, Oral, category 5 H303 May be harmful if swallowed.

H313

Skin Irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

STOT, single exposure, category 3, RTI H335 May cause respiratory irritation. STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aspiration Hazard, category 2 H305 May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways

Eye Irritation, category 2B H320 Causes eye irritation

Flammable Aerosol, category 1 H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

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STOT, repeated exposure, category 2 H373

May cause damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state route of exposure if it is conclusively

proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.

## GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P375

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read label before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P234 Keep only in original container.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P350 Gently wash with plenty of soap and water.

P374 Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

P402 Store in a dry place.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

## 3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

#### HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

<u>Chemical Name</u>	CAS-No.	<u>Wt.%</u> <u>Range</u>	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Acetone	67-64-1	25-50	GHS02-GHS07	H225-336-319
Propane	74-98-6	10-25		
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H225-336
n-Butane	106-97-8	2.5-10		
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	2.5-10		
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-312-332-315
Mineral Spirits	64742-88-7	2.5-10	GHS06-GHS08	H331-372
Limestone	1317-65-3	2.5-10		
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H225-332
Aromatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-94-5	1.0-2.5	GHS06	H227-310
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1.0	GHS02	H251

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "16. Other Information" section.

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#### 4. First-aid Measures

**FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

**FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT:** Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**FIRST AID - INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

**FIRST AID - INGESTION:** Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

## 5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR!Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Keep containers tightly closed.

**SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

## 7. Handling and Storage

**HANDLING:** Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

**STORAGE:** Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class I flammable liquids. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials. Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat.

## 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Acetone	67-64-1	35.0	500 ppm	750 ppm	1000 ppm	N.E.
Propane	74-98-6	20.0	1000 ppm	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	10.0	150 ppm	200 ppm	150 ppm	N.E.
n-Butane	106-97-8	10.0	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	N.E.	N.E.
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	10.0	2 mg/m3 (Respirable Dust)	N.E.	20 mppcf (Mineral Dust <1% Quartz)	N.E.
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	10.0	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Mineral Spirits	64742-88-7	5.0	100 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.
Limestone	1317-65-3	5.0	15 mg/m3 (Total Dust, OSHA)	N.E.	5 mg/m3 (Respirable Dust)	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0	20 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Aromatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-94-5	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m3 (Inhalable Dust)	N.E.	3.5 mg/m3	N.E.

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#### PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

**EYE PROTECTION:** Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Aerosolized Mist Odor: **Odor Threshold:** Solvent Like N.E. Relative Density: pH: 0.799 N.A. Freeze Point, °C: N.D. Viscosity: N.D.

Solubility in Water: Slight

Decompostion Temp., °C: No Information

Boiling Range, °C: -11 - 999

Flammability: Does not Support Combustion

**Evaporation Rate:** Faster than Ether

Vapor Density: Heavier than Air

**Physical State:** Liquid

Partition Coefficient, n-

No Information octanol/water:

Explosive Limits, vol%: 0.7 - 14.3Flash Point, °C: >94

Auto-ignition Temp., °C: No Information

Vapor Pressure: N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures above 120 ° F. Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

**INCOMPATIBILITY:** Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

## 11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May cause skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

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Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

#### **ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES**

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	<u>Oral LD50</u>	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
74-98-6	Propane	N.I.	N.I.	658 mg/L Rat
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	N.I.	>17600 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	4300 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	47635 mg/L Rat
64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits	>5000 mg/kg Rat	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	>5.28 mg/L Rat
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15354 mg/kg Rabbit	17.2 mg/L Rat
64742-94-5	Aromatic Petroleum Distillates	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2 mL/kg Rabbit	N.I.

N.I. - No Information

## 12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components.

## 13. Disposal Information

**DISPOSAL INFORMATION:** Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

## 14. Transport Information

· .	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	Air (IATA)	TDG (Canada)
	Domestic (OSDOT)		AII (IATA)	IDG (Callada)
UN Number:	N.A.	1950	1950	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Aerosols	Aerosols	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
Hazard Class:	N.A.	2.1	2.1	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

## 15. Regulatory Information

## U.S. Federal Regulations:

#### **CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Pressure Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

#### Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<u>Chemical Name</u> <u>CAS-No.</u>

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Xylene (mixed isomers) 1330-20-7 Ethylbenzene 100-41-4

#### **Toxic Substances Control Act:**

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

#### **CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:**

WARNING: This product contains a substance known to the State of California to cause cancer.

 Chemical Name
 CAS-No.

 Ethylbenzene
 100-41-4

 Carbon Black
 1333-86-4

 Naphthalene
 91-20-3

 Crystalline Silica / Quartz
 14808-60-7

 Benzene
 71-43-2

#### **CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 REPRODUCTIVE TOXINS**

WARNING: This product contains a substance known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive

harm.

 Chemical Name
 CAS-No.

 Toluene
 108-88-3

 Benzene
 71-43-2

## **International Regulations:**

#### **CANADIAN WHMIS:**

This SDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

## 16. Other Information

**HMIS RATINGS** 

Health: 2\* Flammability: 4 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: AB5 D2A

**NFPA RATINGS** 

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability 0

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: 542

MSDS REVISION DATE: 5/18/2015

REASON FOR REVISION: No Information

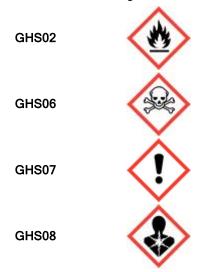
Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

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## Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H227	Combustible liquid
H251	Self-heating: may catch fire.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs <or affected,="" all="" if="" known="" organs="" state=""> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state cause="" conclusively="" exposure="" hazard="" if="" is="" it="" no="" of="" other="" proven="" route="" routes="" that="" the="">.</state></or>

### Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:



Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.