< ₽><	<mark>IEALTH -</mark> LAMMABILIT PHYSICAL		Printed: 03/14/2013 Revision: 03/12/2013
	PE	0 Health	Supercedes Revision: 12/11/2008
1. PRODU	ICT AND (DENTIFICATION
Product Code:	239.2		
Product Name:	Jasco TSP S	ubstitute	
Manufacturer Information			
Company Name:	W. M. Barr		
	2105 Channe	l Avenue	
	Memphis, TN		
Phone Number:	(901)775-010		
		e Emergency Conta	ct (800)451-8346
Emergency Contact: Information:		stomer Service	
			(800)398-3892
Web site address:	www.wmbarr.		
Preparer Name:	W.M. Barr E⊦	IS Dept	(901)775-0100
Synonyms			
QJTS00408, GJTS00410			
2.	HAZARD	S IDENTIFI	CATION
GHS Classification			
GHS Classification	Placard	Key word	GHS Hazard
Acute Toxicity: Oral, Category 4	Exclamation point	Warning	Harmful if swallowed
Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 1B	Corrosive	Danger	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (single	1 Corrosive Exclamation	Danger Warning	Causes serious eye damage May cause respiratory irritation,or may cause drowsiness
exposure), Category 3	point	warning	and dizziness
GHS Hazard Phrases			
H332: Harmful if inhaled.			
H302: Harmful if swallowed.			
H312: Harmful in contact with sk	in.		
H319: Causes serious eye irritation	on.		
H314: Causes severe skin burns a		е.	
H318: Causes serious eye damage			
H335: May cause respiratory irrit	ation.		
GHS Precaution Phrases	11 .11 . 1		
P271: Use only outdoors or in a v			
P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume P264: Wash hands thoroughly aft	• •	urs/spray.	
P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke	-	is product	
	-	-	specified by the manufacturer/supplier or the
competent authority.			
P362+364: Take off contaminated	d clothing and	wash it before reu	lse.
P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/g	-		

GHS Response Phrases

P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P301+312: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P330: Rinse mouth.

P302+352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P321: Specific treatment (see ... on this label) ... reference to supplemental first aid instruction - if immediate administration of antidote is required.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+313: If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P301+330+331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P309+311: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if exposed or you feel unwell.

GHS Storage and Disposal Phrases

P501: Dispose of contents/container to ... (in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation). P405: Store locked up.

P403+233: Store container tightly closed in well-ventilated place - if product is as volatile as to generate hazardous atmosphere.

Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic)

INHALATION ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

May cause dizziness; headache; irritation of the respiratory system; nausea and vomiting.

SKIN CONTACT ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

May cause irritation, itching, redness; swelling; inflammation; discomfort or pain; possible burns. May cause more severe effects on covered skin.

EYE CONTACT ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

This material is an eye irritant. May cause irritation; redness and swelling of the conjunctiva; excess blinking and tear production; possible burns, eye damage, blindness.

INGESTION ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

Moderately toxic if ingested. Small amounts swallowed incidentally are not likely to cause injury, however, larger amounts may cause injury.

CHRONIC EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

Effects on animals have been reported to include the blood (hemolysis) and secondary effects on the kidney and liver. May cause skin and eye damage.

OSHA Regulatory Status:

This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)

 Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether {2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol {(a glycol ether)} CAS # Concentration 112-34-5 <10.0 %

on RTECS # KJ9100000

Page: 3 Printed: 03/14/2013 Revision: 03/12/2013 Supercedes Revision: 12/11/2008

На	zardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	Concentration	RTECS #
2.	Silicic acid (H2SiO3), Disodium salt {Sodium	6834-92-0	1.0 -5.0 %	VV9275000
	metasilicate (pentahydrate)}			
3.	Sodium xylenesulfonate	1300-72-7	1.0 -5.0 %	ZE5100000
4.	Alcohol ethoxylate (Alcohols, C9-11,	68439-46-3	< 5.0 %	AZ8100000
	Ethoxylated)			

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Skin:

Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately wash skin thoroughly with large amounts of water and mild soap, if available. Seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eyes:

Immediately begin to flush eyes with water, remove any contact lens. Continue to flush the eyes for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion:

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Signs and Symptoms Of Exposure

See Potential Health Effects.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES				
Flash Pt:	No data.			
Explosive Limits:	LEL: No data.	UEL: No data.		
Autoignition Pt:	No data available.			
Fire Fighting Instructions				
Use NIOSH/MSHA app	proved positive pressure self-contained	d breathing apparatus when any material is involved		
in a fire.				
Flammable Properties and	Hazards			
Flashpoint: No flash to	boiling. Will not burn.			
Hazardous Combustion Pro	oducts			
Carbon diavida carbon	monovida			

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide, dry powder, or foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None known.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled

Isolate the immediate area. Prevent unauthorized entry. Stay upwind, out of low areas, and ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, or confined areas. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand, or other non-combustible material and transfer to compatible containers. For large spills, dike ahead of the spill.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions To Be Taken in Handling

Read carefully all cautions and directions on product label before use. Since empty container retains residue, follow all label warnings even after container is empty. Dispose of empty container according to all regulations. Do not reuse this container.

Precautions To Be Taken in Storing

Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry place. Do not store near flames or at elevated temperatures.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits
 Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether {2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol {(a glycol ether)} 	112-34-5	No data.	No data.	No data.
2. Silicic acid (H2SiO3), Disodium salt {Sodium metasilicate (pentahydrate)}	6834-92-0	No data.	No data.	No data.
3. Sodium xylenesulfonate	1300-72-7	No data.	No data.	No data.
4. Alcohol ethoxylate (Alcohols, C9-11, Ethoxylated)	68439-46-3	No data.	No data.	No data.

Respiratory Equipment (Specify Type)

A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

If the work area is not properly ventilated to keep airborne levels below their exposure limits, you must use a properly fitted and maintained NIOSH approved respirator for organic vapors. A dust mask does not provide protection against vapors.

Eye Protection

Safety glasses, chemical goggles, or face shields are recommended to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury. Contact lenses should not be worn while working with chemicals.

Protective Gloves

Nitrile, neoprene, natural rubber

Other Protective Clothing

Various application methods can dictate use of additional protective safety equipment, such as impermeable aprons, etc., to minimize exposure.

Engineering Controls (Ventilation etc.)

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Use only with adequate ventilation to prevent buildup of vapors. Do not use in areas where vapors can accumulate and concentrate, such as basements, bathrooms or small enclosed areas. Whenever possible, use outdoors in an open air area. If using indoors open all windows and doors and maintain a cross ventilation of moving fresh air across the work area. If strong odor is noticed or you experience slight dizziness, headache, nausea or eye-watering -- STOP -- ventilation is inadequate. Leave area immediately and move to fresh air.

Work/Hygienic/Maintenance Practices

Wash hands thoroughly after use and before eating, drinking, or smoking. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in the work area. Discard any clothing or other protective equipment that cannot be decontaminated.

	SICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
Physical States:	[]Gas [X]Liquid []Solid
Melting Point:	No data.
Boiling Point:	> 200 F
Autoignition Pt:	No data.
Flash Pt:	No data.
Specific Gravity (Water = 1):	1.0413 - 1.0713
Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or mm Hg)	No data.
Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1):	> air
Evaporation Rate:	< 1 (BuAC=1)
Solubility in Water:	Complete
Percent Volatile:	93 % by weight.
VOC / Volume:	0 % WT
Viscosity:	5 CPS
pH:	12.7 - 13.4
Appearance and Odor	
Appearance: Blue, Free and Cle	ear
1	0. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Stability:	Unstable [] Stable [X]
Conditions To Avoid - Instability	
No data available.	
Incompatibility - Materials To Avoid	d
Strong oxidizers and acids.	
Hazardous Decomposition Or Bype	
Carbon dioxide and carbon mor	
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous F	Reactions
No data available.	
11.	TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Toxicological Information	
CAS# 112-34-5:	
Acute toxicity, LD50, Oral, Rat	t, 5660. MG/KG.
Result:	an anotice abore as
Brain and Coverings: Other deg Biochemical:Metabolism (inter	
	orts., Dow Chemical USA, Health and Environment Research, Toxicology
Research Lab, Midland, MI 486	
Standard Draize Test, Eyes, Spe	ecies: Rabbit, 20.00 MG, Severe.
Result:	
Behavioral: Anticonvulsant.	
- American Journal of Ophthalr 60611, Vol/p/yr: 29,1363, 1946	nology., Ophthalmic Pub. Co., 435 N. Michigan Ave., Suite 1415, Chicago, IL
15	

				Supercedes F	Revision: 12/11/2008
Behavioral: Abuse.					
Endocrine: Differential effect of sex	or castration	n on observ	ed toxicity.		
- Prehled Prumyslove Toxikologie,	Marhold, J.,	Organicke	Latky, Prague Cze	choslovakia, Vol/µ	o/yr: -,635, 1986
CAS# (924.02.0)					
CAS# 6834-92-0:	2 MC/VC				
Acute toxicity, LD50, Oral, Rat, 11: Result:)). MU/KU.				
Gastrointestinal:Ulceration or bleed	ing from stor	mach			
Gastrointestinal:Ulceration or bleed	-				
Gastrointestinal:Ulceration or bleed	-				
- Toxicology Letters., Elsevier Scient	•			rdam 1000 AE Ne	therlands,
Vol/p/yr: 31(Suppl),, 1986		,			
Standard Draize Test, Skin, Human	250.0 MG, 2	24 H, Seve	re.		
Result:					
Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Extra e	•		g., placenta, umbili	cal cord).	
Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Other e		•	- 4		
Specific Developmental Abnormalia - Toxicology and Applied Pharmaco		•		Duluth MN 5580	2 Vol/n/vr
31,481, 1975	nogy, Acade	iiiie 1 1ess,	Inc., 1 E. 1418t St.,	Duluti, Mix 5580	2, v 0//p/yr.
Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA
1. Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	112-34-5	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
{2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol {(a glycol ether)}					
2. Silicic acid (H2SiO3), Disodium salt {Sodium	6834-92-0	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
metasilicate (pentahydrate)} 3. Sodium xylenesulfonate	1300-72-7	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
4. Alcohol ethoxylate (Alcohols, C9-11,	68439-46-3		n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Ethoxylated)					
12. E	COLOG	CAL IN	FORMATION		
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment					
CAS# 112-34-5:					
LC50, Water Flea (Daphnia magna)	, 2850. MG/	L, 24 H, In	toxication,, Water	temperature: 20 C	- 22 C C, pH:
7.70, Hardness: 16.00 dH.					
Result:					
Sex Effects.					
- Results of the Damaging Effect of					kung
Wassergefahrdender Stoffe Gegen I	Daphnia mag	na), Bringn	nann, G., and R. K	uhn, 1977	
CAS# 68439-46-3:					
LC50, Fathead Minnow (Pimephale	s promelas)	11000 UG	J. 96 H. Mortality	w Water temperati	ire: 22 C C
Result:	s promenus),	11000.00		, water temperati	are: 22 C C.
Sex Effects.					
- Acute Toxicity and Structure-Acti	vity Relation	ships of Ni	ne Alcohol Ethoxy	late Surfactants to	Fathead Minnow
and Daphnia magna, Wong, D.C.L.,	•	•	•		
LC50, Fathead Minnow (Pimephale	s promelas),	embryo(s),	4.870 MG/L, 28 E	D, Mortality, Wate	r temperature: 21
C - 25 C C, pH: 7.60, Hardness: 10.	00 MG/L.				

Result:

Age Effects.

- Effects of a Homologous Series of Linear Alcohol Ethoxylate Surfactants on Fathead Minnow Early Life Stages, Lizotte, R.E., Jr., D.C.L. Wong, P.B. Dorn, and J.H., Jr. Rodgers, 1999

Effective concentration to {0} % of test organisms, Fathead Minnow (Pimephales promelas), embryo(s), 10.27 MG/L, 16 - 19 D, Mortality, Water temperature: 21 C - 25 C C, pH: 7.60, Hardness: 10.00 MG/L. Result:

Age Effects.

- Effects of a Homologous Series of Linear Alcohol Ethoxylate Surfactants on Fathead Minnow Early Life Stages, Lizotte, R.E., Jr., D.C.L. Wong, P.B. Dorn, and J.H., Jr. Rodgers, 1999

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method

Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal laws.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling

Acute Toxicity: Oral, Category 4 - Warning! Harmful if swallowed

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 1B - Danger! Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 1 - Danger! Causes serious eye damage

Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 - Warning! May cause respiratory irritation, or may cause drowsiness and dizziness

LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT)

DOT Proper Shipping Name

Compound Cleaning Liquid

Additional Transport Information

For D.O.T. information, contact W.M. Barr Technical Services at 1-800-398-3892.

The shipper / supplier may apply one of the following exceptions: Combustible Liquid, Consumer Commodity, Limited Quantity, Viscous Liquid, Does Not Sustain Combustion, or others, as allowed under 49CFR Hazmat Regulations. Please consult 49CFR Subchapter C to ensure that subsequent shipments comply with these exceptions.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US EPA SARA Title III

—						
Ha	zardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	Sec.302 (EHS)	Sec.304 RQ	Sec.313 (TRI)	Sec.110
1.	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether {2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol {(a glycol ether)}	112-34-5	No	No	Yes-Cat. N230	No
2.	Silicic acid (H2SiO3), Disodium salt {Sodium metasilicate (pentahydrate)}	6834-92-0	No	No	No	No
3.	Sodium xylenesulfonate	1300-72-7	No	No	No	No
4.	Alcohol ethoxylate (Alcohols, C9-11, Ethoxylated)	68439-46-3	No	No	No	No
C	ther US EPA or State Lists					
Ha	zardous Components (Chemical Name)	CAS #	CAA HAP,ODC	CWA NPDES	TSCA	CA PROP.65
1.	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether {2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol {(a glycol ether)}	112-34-5	HAP	No	Inventory, 4 Test	No
2.	Silicic acid (H2SiO3), Disodium salt {Sodium metasilicate (pentahydrate)}	6834-92-0	No	No	Inventory	No
3.	Sodium xylenesulfonate	1300-72-7	No	No	Inventory	No
4.	Alcohol ethoxylate (Alcohols, C9-11, Ethoxylated)	68439-46-3	No	No	Inventory	No

Reauthorization Act of 1986) Lists:	
Sec.302:	EPA SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Chemical with TPQ. * indicates 1000 LB TPQ if not volatile.
Sec.304:	EPA SARA Title III Section 304: CERCLA Reportable + Sec.302 with Reportable Quantity. indicates statutory RQ.
Sec.313:	EPA SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Release Inventory. Note: -Cat indicates a member of a chemical category.
Sec.110:	EPA SARA 110 Superfund Site Priority Contaminant List
SCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Lists:	
Inventory:	Chemical Listed in the TSCA Inventory.
5A(2):	Chemical Subject to Significant New Rules (SNURS)
6A:	Commercial Chemical Control Rules
8A:	Toxic Substances Subject To Information Rules on Production
8A CAIR:	Comprehensive Assessment Information Rules - (CAIR)
8A PAIR:	Preliminary Assessment Information Rules - (PAIR)
8C:	Records of Allegations of Significant Adverse Reactions
8D:	Health and Safety Data Reporting Rules
8D TERM:	Health and Safety Data Reporting Rule Terminations
12(b):	Notice of Export
Other Important Lists:	
CWA NPDES:	EPA Clean Water Act NPDES Permit Chemical
CAA HAP:	EPA Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutant
CAA ODC:	EPA Clean Air Act Ozone Depleting Chemical (1=CFC, 2=HCFC)
CA PROP 65:	California Proposition 65
nternational Regulatory Lists:	
EPA Hazard Categories:	
This material meets the EPA 'Ha	zard Categories' defined for SARA Title III Sections 311/312 as indicated: [X] Yes [] No Acute (immediate) Health Hazard
	[] Yes [X] No Chronic (delayed) Health Hazard
	[] Yes [X] No Fire Hazard
	[] Yes [X] No Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard
	[] Yes [X] No Reactive Hazard
	16. OTHER INFORMATION
Company Policy or Disclaimer	
	n is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date s furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information formation gathered by them and must make independent determination of

accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.

Revision Date:

03/12/2013

N.A.=Not available, N.P.=Not applicable, N.D.=Not determined, N.E.=Not established, N.R.=Not required