

SDS# PF-08, PF-16

Date: March 2015

# Pro-Flush<sup>®</sup>

## SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name:** Pro-Flush HVAC Flushing Solvent**Catalog Number:** PF-08, PF-16**Manufactured by:** DiversiTech Corporation  
6650 Sugarloaf Parkway  
Duluth, GA, 30097**Information Phone No.:** 1+678.542.3600**EMERGENCY Phone No.:** 1 800.255.3924 Chem-Tel (Chemical Emergencies)**SDS DATE REVISED:** 03/16/2015**PREPARED BY:** V. Leone

## SECTION 2. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS INFORMATION

### GHS Classification:

Skin Irritation Category 2

Eye Irritation Category 2A

Carcinogen Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity- Single Exposure Category 3

Specific Target Organ Toxicity- Repeat Exposure Category 2

### Label Elements:

**Signal Word** Warning!

### Hazard Statement(s)

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H305 May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways  
H316 Causes mild skin irritation.  
H320 Causes eye irritation.  
H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Precautionary statement(s)

P102 Keep out of reach of children.  
P103 Read label before use.  
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P232 Protect from moisture.  
P233 Keep container tightly closed.  
P235 Keep cool.  
P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours or spray.  
P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.  
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.  
P280 Wear rubber, neoprene or nitrile gloves and protective clothing, and safety goggle or a face shield to protect eyes and face.  
P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

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## SECTION 2. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS INFORMATION (cont.)

### Response

P308	IF exposed or concerned: Consult medical advice or attention
P309	IF you feel unwell: Consult medical advice or attention
P301	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately drink 3 or 4 glasses of water followed by a large glass of citrus juice. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.
P302	IF ON SKIN: Flush affected area with water for 15 minutes or until skin no longer feels slick. If irritation persists or burns are present, consult a physician.
P304	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air. If unconscious or if breathing does not return to normal within a few minutes, contact a physician immediately.
P305	IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes while lifting lids periodically. Call a physician without delay.
P402	Store in a dry place.
P403	Store in a well-ventilated place.
P501	Dispose of spill clean up and other wastes in accordance with Federal, State, and local regulations. Whatever cannot be saved by recovery should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste facility. All spent material must be disposed of in accordance with all applicable Federal and State RCRA Regulations. Consult with appropriate regulatory agencies before disposing of waste material. The information offered here is for the product as shipped. Use and/or alterations to the product such as mixing with other materials may significantly change the characteristics of the material and alter the RCRA classification and the proper disposal method. The unused product is an RCRA hazardous waste if discarded. The RCRA ID number is: U079 (1,2 dichloroethylene); U002 (Acetone, Ignitability)

### HMIS III Ratings

#### HMIS III®

Health	2
Flammability	1
Physical Hazard	1
Personal Protection	B

## SECTION 3. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS INFORMATION

INGREDIENT	CAS No.	EINECS No.	% or Range	GHS Classification
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	10-20	H225: Highly flammable Category 2 Liquid and vapour H319: Causes serious Eye irritation Category 2A H401: Toxic to aquatic Life. Category 2
t-Butyl Acetate	540-88-55	208-760-7	20-30	H226: Flammable Category 3 Liquid and vapour H336: May cause Drowsiness or dizziness Category 3
trans 1,2 dichloroethane	156-60-5	205-860-2	50-60	H225: Highly flammable Category 2 liquid and vapour  H332: Harmful if inhaled. Category 4 H412: Harmful to aquatic Life with long Category 3

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## SECTION 3. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS INFORMATION (cont.)

INGREDIENT	CAS No.	EINECS No.	% or Range	GHS Classification	
Ethyl Nonafluoroisobutyl Ether	163702-06-5	98-02-0209-00	10-20	H226: Flammable liquid and vapour	Category 3
Ethyl Nonafluorobutyl Ether	163702-05-4	98-02-0209-00	10-20	H226: Flammable liquid and vapour	Category 3

## SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

**Ingestion:** DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Give large quantities of water or milk if available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

**Skin Contact:** Wash with soap and water. Rinse with copious amounts of fresh, running water. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

**Eye Contact:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

### 4.2. Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

**Inhalation:** Components of Pro-Flush<sup>™</sup> are of a low order of toxicity in animals. At high levels of exposure, cardiac arrhythmia may occur. When oxygen levels are reduced to 12-14% by displacement, symptoms of asphyxiation, loss of coordination, increased pulse rate and deeper respiration will occur. Effects from inhalation of mists and vapors vary from mild to moderate irritation of the upper respiratory tract, depending on severity of exposure. Abusive or excessive inhalation of vapors may cause irritation to the upper respiratory tract, dizziness, nausea and other central nervous system effects. **Ingestion:** Swallowing can cause gastro-intestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis.

**Skin Contact:** Frequent or prolonged contact may cause mild irritation. Repeated contact may cause drying or flaking of skin.

**Eye Contact:** Mildly irritating.

**Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:** Persons with pre-existing skin disorders or eye problems or impaired respiratory function may be more susceptible to the effects of the product.

## SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### Suitable and Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam or other media suitable for the primary source of the fire. Exposure to temperatures above 70°C/160°F may cause containers to burst. Pro-Flush<sup>™</sup> is not flammable at ambient temperatures and atmospheric pressure. However, based on similar mixtures, this material will become combustible when mixed with air under pressure and exposed to strong ignition sources. Contact with certain finely divided reactive metals may result in formation of explosive or exothermic reactions under specific conditions (e.g. very high temperatures and/or appropriate pressures). In the event of a liquid spill, ethyl nonafluoroisobutyl ether and ethyl nonafluorobutyl ether will evaporate from the mixture faster than the other components, leaving a mixture enriched with trans-1,2-dichloroethylene, acetone and t-butyl acetate. The enriched mixture may be flammable.

### Special Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters:

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus for protection against suffocation and possible toxic decomposition products. Wear proper eye and skin protection. Use a water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool and to knock down vapors that may result from product decomposition.

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:** Ventilate area of leak or spill. Keep unnecessary and unprotected people away from area of spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.

**Methods and Material for Containment and Clean-Up:** Contain and absorb liquid with clay, vermiculite or other inert substance, sweep up and package in a container suitable for disposal. Wash away residues with water. Dispose of absorbed material in accordance with Federal, local and state regulations.

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## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Keep in a tightly closed container. Protect from physical damage. Keep this and all chemicals out of the reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Avoid inhalation of vapors and mists. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities:** Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area away from sources of heat, moisture and incompatible materials. Observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Airborne Exposure Limits:

Substance:	CAS No.	EINECS No.	OSH A PEL	ACIGHTLV	8hrTWA	UK WEL 15min STEL
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	750ppm	750ppm	1210 mg/m3	3620 mg/m3
t-Butyl Acetate	540-88-5	208-760-7	200ppm	200ppm	966 mg/m3	1210 mg/m3
trans 1,2 Dichloroethene	156-60-5	205-860-2	200ppm	None	No Data	No Data
Ethyl Nonafluoroisobutyl Ether	163702-06-5	200ppm	No Data	No Data	No Data	No Data
Ethyl Nonafluorobutyl Ether	163702-05-4	200ppm	No Data	No Data	No Data	No Data

### Appropriate Engineering Controls:

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

**Personal Respirators:** Not required for normal use in accordance with label directions.

**Skin Protection:** Use rubber, neoprene or nitrile gloves to minimize skin contact.

**Eye Protection:** Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. A source of running water or other eyewash provisions should be nearby.



**Work Hygienic Practices:** Use proper industrial hygiene practices to minimize hazardous exposure. Wash hands after handling this material, and before eating, smoking or using the bathroom.

## SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance:** Clear colorless liquid

**Odor:** Sweet odor

**Odor Threshold:** Not established

**pH @ 25°C:** Not applicable

**Melting Point (Pour Point):** 175°F

**Boiling Point:** 41°C/106°F

**Flash Point:** No data for mixture

**Evaporation Rate (Water = 1):** >1

**Flammable Limits:** No data for mixture

**LEL:** N/A

**UEL:** N/A

**Vapor pressure (mm Hg):** ~1psig, ~16psia

**Vapor Density (Air = 1):** 3.8 @ 70°F

**VOC Content:** 0% (all components are VOC exempt)

**Solubility in water:** ~7 grams/liter

**Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient:** Not available

**Autoignition Temperature:** Not available

**Decomposition Temperature:** Not available

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## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemical Stability:** Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Heat, incompatibles.

**Incompatible Materials:** Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents, strong alkalis and strong acids.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, phosgene.

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Potential Health Effects:

**Inhalation:** Components of Pro-Flush<sup>™</sup> are of a low order of toxicity in animals. At high levels of exposure, cardiac arrhythmia may occur. When oxygen levels are reduced to 12-14% by displacement, symptoms of asphyxiation, loss of coordination, increased pulse rate and deeper respiration will occur. Effects from inhalation of mists and vapors vary from mild to moderate irritation of the upper respiratory tract, depending on severity of exposure.

Abusive or excessive inhalation of vapors may cause irritation to the upper respiratory tract, dizziness, nausea and other central nervous system effects. **Ingestion:** Swallowing can cause gastro-intestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis.

**Skin Contact:** Frequent or prolonged contact may cause mild irritation. Repeated contact may cause drying or flaking of skin.

**Eye Contact:** Mildly irritating.

**Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:** Persons with pre-existing skin disorders or eye problems or impaired respiratory function may be more susceptible to the effects of the product.

**Carcinogenic effects:** Not classified

**Teratogenicity/Reproductive toxicity:** Not classified

**Mutagenic effects:** Not classified

### Numerical Measures of Toxicity:

#### Acetone:

Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 50100 mg/m<sup>3</sup>/8H;

Oral, mouse: LD50 = 3 gm/kg Oral, rabbit: D50 = 5340 mg/kg Oral, rat: LD50 = 5800 mg/kg Skin, rabbit: LD50 = 20 gm/kg.

#### t-Butyl acetate:

Draize test, rabbit, eye: 100 uL Mild irritant Draize test, rabbit, skin: 500 uL/24H Mild irritant Inhalation, rat: LC50 = >2230 mg/m<sup>3</sup>/4H

Oral, rat: LD50 = 4100 mg/kg Skin, rabbit: LD50 = >2 gm/kg

#### trans 1,2 Dichloroethene:

Acute Dermal (rabbit) LD50: > 5,000mg/kg Acute Inhalation (rat) 4-hr. LC50: >24,100 ppm

#### Ethyl Nonafluoroisobutyl Ether:

Acute Oral Toxicity, LD50-Rat: >2.0 grams/KG body weight.

Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4-hour LC50-Rat: 92,000ppm

## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity:** Rainbow trout LC50=5540 mg/L/96H; Sunfish (tap water), death at 14250 ppm/24H; Mosquito fish (turbid water) TLm=13000 ppm/48H

**Environmental Fate:** Volatilizes, leeches, and biodegrades when released to soil.

**Physical/Chemical:** No information available.

### t-Butyl Acetate

**Ecotoxicity: Bacteria:** Phytobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 6.38-11.1 mg/L; 5,15,30 minutes; Microtox test; 15 degrees C Based on a log Kow of 1.38, the BCF value for tert-butyl acetate can be estimated to be 6.6 by a recommended regression-derived equation. This BCF value suggests that bioconcentration is not significant.

**Environmental:** Chemical hydrolysis of tert-butyl acetate in moist, very alkaline soils (pH approaching 10 or higher) may be important, but hydrolysis in soils of pH 9 or lower is not expected to be important. Based on an estimated Koc value of 134, tert-butyl acetate may be subject to significant leaching in soil. Volatilization from dry soil surfaces may be rapid.

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## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (cont.)

**Physical:** ATMOSPHERIC FATE: tert-Butyl acetate will exist almost entirely in the vapor-phase in the ambient atmosphere due to its expected high vapor pressure. The half-life for the vapor-phase reaction of tert-butyl acetate with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals has been estimated to be about 26 days in an average atmosphere indicating that this reaction may be the dominant atmospheric degradation mechanism. Physical removal via washout may be possible. **Other:** Do not empty into drains.

**Other:** For more information, see "HANDBOOK OF ENVIRONMENTAL FATE AND EXPOSURE DATA."

*Ethyl Nonafluoroisobutyl Ether*  
*Ethyl Nonafluorobutyl Ether*

Test Organism	Test Type	Result
Water flea, <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours Effect Concentration 50%	>2.55 mg/l
Fathead Minnow, <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours Lethal Concentration 50%	>2.75 mg/l
Green algae, <i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i>	96 hours Effect Concentration 50%	>2.32 mg/l

## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of spill-clean up and other wastes in accordance with Federal, State, and local regulations. Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste facility. All spent material must be disposed of in accordance with all applicable Federal and State RCRA Regulations. Consult with appropriate regulatory agencies before disposing of waste material. The information offered here is for the product as shipped. Use and/or alterations to the product such as mixing with other materials may significantly change the characteristics of the material and alter the RCRA classification and the proper disposal method. The unused product is an RCRA hazardous waste if discarded. The RCRA ID number is: U079 (1,2 dichloroethylene); U002 (Acetone, Ignitability)

## SECTION 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

**US DOT:** Not regulated for ground transport in quantities below 5 liters.

**International (Water, I.M.O.) Dangerous Goods Description:** UN3082, Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, NOS (Contains trans 1,2 dichloroethylene), 9, PGIII (Ltd.QTY)

**Marine Pollutant:** No

## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### US EPA

**Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA)** Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ requires immediate notification to the National Response Center [(800) 424-8802] and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

**RQ:** 2000 pounds (1,2 dichloroethylene)

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III** requires emergency planning based on threshold planning quantities and release reporting based on reportable quantities in 40 CFR 355 (used for SARA 302, 304, 311, and 312) is not required.

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III** requires submission of annual reports of release of toxic chemicals that appear in 40 CFR 372 (for SARA 313). This material is not subject to reporting requirements.

**Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Status:** The ingredients of this product are on the TSCA inventory.

### State Right to Know

California Proposition 65: None listed

Massachusetts: Hazardous substances and extraordinarily hazardous substances must be identified.

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substances must be identified.

**California SCAQMD Rule 443.1 (VOC's):** 0%

**SARA 311/312:** Acute: **No** Chronic: **No** Fire: **No** Pressure: **Yes** Reactivity: **No**

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## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION (cont.)

### WHMIS:

This SDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

**Acetone meets the Canadian WHMIS criteria for classes:** B2: Flammable and combustible material: Flammable liquid D2B- Poisonous and Infectious material-Other Effects: Toxic Foreign Inventory Status:

**Ethyl Nonafluoroisobutyl Ether:** Not listed

**Ethyl Nonafluorobutyl Ether:** Not listed

**Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene Europe:** ELINCS #419 170 6 #205-860-2

**Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene Japan:** MOL 2-(13)-143

**Canada:** Notified Listed DSL

**Australia:** Notified

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION:

**Revision Summary:** All Sections: New GHS Format

*This information is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date completed. However no representation, warranty or guarantee is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the completeness and suitability of such information for his own particular use. We do not accept liability for any loss or damage that may occur from the use of this information, nor do we offer any warranty against patent infringement.*