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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

#### MW90044 12C

# Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name Chemical name		: MW90044 12C : Acrylic Sealant
Manufacturer/Importer/ Distributor Information	:	Momentive Performance Materials - Daytona 703 South Street New Smyrna Beach FL 32168
Contact person	:	4information@momentive.com
Telephone	:	General information +1-800-295-2392
Emergency telephone number Supplier	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	:	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word Hazard statements	:	Warning H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

		IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	P501Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Not available

Hazardous ingredients	% by weight	CAS
		number
White mineral oil (petroleum)	1 - 5	8042-47-5
Ethanol, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-	0.1 - 1	111-77-3
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2- methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone	0.001 - 0.01	55965-84-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should

be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first aid personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO2, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog). water jet
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Measurements at temperatures above 150°C in presence of air (oxygen) have shown that small amounts of formaldehyde are formed due to oxidative degradation.
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.Firefighters must wear NIOSH/MSHA approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus with full face mask and full protective clothing.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,

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waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water- insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13 of SDS). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
White mineral oil (petroleum)		OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 5 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 5 mg/m3 Form: mist Pollutant concentration that should not be exceeded during working hours and which workers are believed to be exposed during a period of 15 minutes maximum, without experiencing: a) irritation. b) chronic or irreversible tissue damage. c) dependent toxic effects of exposure rate. d) Narcosis of sufficient magnitude to increase susceptibility to accidents. e) The reduction of ability to get to safety by their own means. 10 mg/m3 Form: mist ACGIH TLV (2009-11-30) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 5 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures Eye/face protection	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is

necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If exposure limits are exceeded or respiratory irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Supplied air respirators may be required for non-routine or emergency situations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with OSHA regulations (see 29CFR 1910.134). Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state Color	:	Liquid White
Odor Odor threshold pH	::	Faint odor. Not available 8
Melting point Boiling point	:	Not available 100.00 °C (212.00 °F)
Flash point	:	> 94 °C (201.20 °F) (Estimated.) Product does not flash below 93.3C (200F) during test; no actual flash point >93.3 C was determined.
Burning time	:	Not available
Burning rate Evaporation rate	:	Not available 1
Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive	:	Not available <b>Lower:</b> Not applicable.
(flammable) limits	:	<b>Upper:</b> Not applicable.
Vapor pressure Vapor density	:	Not available Greater than 1.0 [Air = 1]
	:	
Relative density	:	1.317
Density	:	1.317 g/cm3
Solubility	:	Not available
Solubility in water	:	Not available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available
SADT	:	Not available
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available
·		Kinematic: Not available
Volatile organic content	:	0.78 % (w/w)
Ŭ		16.46 g/l

#### **Other information**

No additional information.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	:	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity			
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not determined	
Irritation/Corrosion			
Conclusion/Summary Skin	:	Not determined	
eyes Respiratory	:	Not determined Not determined	
<u>Sensitization</u>			
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory	:	Not determined Not determined	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>			
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not determined	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>			
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not determined	
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>			
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not determined	
<b>Teratogenicity</b>			
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not determined	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available			

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

#### Not available

Aspiration hazard		
Product/ingredient name		Result
White mineral oil (petroleum)		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion	::	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. May cause an allergic skin reaction. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical, ch	nemi	ical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Skin contact	:	reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effects and a	also	chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects		Not available
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available Not available
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not determined
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects Fertility effects		No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	-	

Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available
Persistence/degradability		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	Species	Exposure	LogPow	BCF	Potential
White mineral oil (petroleum)			6	-	high
Ethanol, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-			-0.47	-	low

#### <u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition coefficient	:	Not available
(KOC)		
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever : possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

Special precautions for user	This product is not regarded as dangerous goods according to the national and international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods.

# 15.Regulatory information

### United States

U.S. Federal regulations	<ul> <li>United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None required.</li> <li>United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed</li> <li>United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed</li> </ul>
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
<u>California Prop. 65:</u>	: None required.
<u>Canada</u> WHMIS (Canada)	: Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).
International regulations	
International lists :	<ul> <li>Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.</li> <li>Canada inventory: This material is not listed in DSL but is listed in NDSL. (Quantity restricted)</li> <li>China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.</li> <li>Korea inventory: Not determined.</li> <li>New Zealand Inventory (NZIoC): Not determined.</li> <li>Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.</li> <li>United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Japan inventory: Not determined.</li> <li>Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.</li> </ul>

# Section 16. Other information

Label requirements		Contains octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane which may cause reproductive effects based on animal data.
Hazardous Material Informa	tion Syst	tem III (U.S.A.):
Health		1
Flammability		1
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks,

and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Full text of abbreviated H statements	:	Not applicable.
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue Version Prepared by Key to abbreviations	::::::	08/06/2015 06/25/2015 04/10/2015 1.2 Product Safety Stewardship ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available

#### Notice to reader

Unless otherwise specified in section 1, Momentive Products are intended for industrial application only. They arenot intended for specific medical applications, neither for long-lasting (> 30 days) implantation into the human body, injected or directly ingested, nor for the manufacture of multiple usable contraceptives Keep out of the reach of children.

#### **Further Information**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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